#### BRIDGE TRUSTEES SHOCKED.

THE UNION ELEVATED ROAD SCORES ONE. PRESIDENT HOWELL QUIETLY GAVE IT POWER TO

CROSS THE SANDS-ST. TRACKS.

The Bridge Trustees held an important meeting yesterday in Brooklyn and acted upon several matters of great public interest. In the course of the meeting it was disclosed that, acting under the authority of the Trustees, granted on January 9, Prestient Howell had already ren the Union Elevated Railroad Company, in which Hugh McLaughlin and other Democratic politicians are interested, the privilege of creeting its structure over the Bridge tracks in Sands st., but he had told none of his fellow Trustees of the matter. They were greatly surprised at learning this and denounced his action.

lution admitting advertising signs in the cars engineers recommend tracks over the present ones for ing a "temperance measure," which it is said has

The meeting was a special one called to act upon the report of the committee in charge of the matter of promatter of the advertising signs in the cars. There were eleven of the twenty Trustees present, but neither and \$100, and that the licenses to sell sp. Mayor Hewitt nor Mayor Caapin appeared. Chief liquors shall be between \$100 and \$300.

Mr. Clausen's bill limits the number of neers selected by a committee of the noard a year ago to examine the methods for providing a New-York terminus was received and acted upon.

PLEVATED TRAINS ON THE BRIDGE. President Howell said that the experts, who were Sup rintendent Katte, of the Central road; Colonel present tracks. This was feasible, as declared both by ogineers Roebling and Martin. Mr. Martin, who was present, said the cables were strong enough for this, but trusses would have to be strengthened. This could be easily done. The matter of terminal facilities was then postponed until the engineers shall report the trade.

taken up, and General A. C. Barnes said there was danger of the clevated roads crossing the Bridge tracks in Sandset, and he moved that in order to secure the privileges needed for the Bridge cars a platform be put up over the tracks in Sandset, compring the space in question, for the use of the Bridge. Vice-president Bush stated that the company stated that the company would make no effort to mittee on General Laws.

Senator O'Connor said that Mr. Ives's action was premature and that the matter. A director in the company was also willing to agree to remeye its structure if the Trustees had had time willing to agree to remeye its structure if the Trustees had had time willing to agree to remeye its structure if the Trustees allowed them to put it up. Mr. Bush added that he had allowed them to put it up. Mr. Bush added that he had allowed them to put it up. Mr. Bush added that he had allowed them to put it up. In the company was also willing to agree to remeye its structure if the Trustees had had time of the same assurance. The company was also willing to agree to remeye its structure if the Trustees had had time on General Laws.

Senator O'Connor said that Mr. Ives's action was premature and that he had acted in "indecent haste." The resolution was introduced by Mr. Ives to give the public the idea that the minority members of the Senate year the most desirous of prosecuting most thoroughly the investigation. Indecent haste had been indulged in and Senator Ives was endeavoring to make political capital out of it.

Senator Cautor followed in the path laid down for him the company had given the Union (Exeral Barnes astrounded).

of adopting the resolution. Senators Vedder, Raines and Walker spoke at stacks over the Bridge road, and he could not see why the matter had been kept sceret. He thought the Trustees had placed themselves in a position that was an actual calamity. President Howell had made a great mistake. He hoped it was not too late to retrace the false steps taken. It was evident that Mr. Howell did not realize what he had done.

Mr. Howell said he supposed every one knew what had been done, for the plans were laid before the late word of the resolution to that committee a copy of the evidence and he moved to refer the resolution to that committee.

had been done, for the plans were laid before the Trustees at a regular meeting, and the authority granted to him and the engineer. He made no further explanation.

Mr. Ives could not show his copy; it was the only one that the Investigating Committee had

to him and the engineer. He made no further explanation.

General Barnes moved that the president and superint
tendent be asked to seek a release from the contract
with the Union Company with an oder to repay all expense incurred under it; nut this was not acted upon.
Mr. Bush moved that the action of the president and
engineer in granting privileges to the Union Company
be continued and that the company he asked to stipulate
to take its structure down when requested to do so by
the Trustees. General Barnes moved to amend by strikfug out the confirmation of the action of the committee
as as-less. Mr. Bush ame ded his resolution to meet
this point, and also inserted a time limit of thirty days
for the removal of the structure.

Trustee Higgins moved to lay the whole matter on the
table until the next meeting. Mr. Bush arged disposin
of the matter at once, and by a vote of 6 to 5 the motion
to lay upon the table was lost. Mr. Bush's resolution
was adopted by 7 to 3. Seth L. Keeney not voting.

President Howel stated that after the resolution admitting advertisements to the cars had been adopted,
the counsel of the Trustees told him it was illeral. On
his motion the resolution was unanimously rescinded.

## EFFORTS IN BEHALF OF YOUNG WOMEN.

ATDING THE NEW ASSOCIATION IN BROOKLYN-RE

HEARSING THE SOCIETY'S AIMS. newly formed Young Women's Christian Association in Brooklyn was held last evening in Association Hall, at to hear the specches could not be accommodated with ats. Ex-Mayor Low presided. In his opening rema k he referred to the gratification he felt in seeing Brook-I'm follow other cities in providing for young women as The Rev. Dr. R. S. Storrs was the first speaker. He

complish a great work. It was also proposed to supply means of mental and moral improvement. The ung Men's Association in Brooklyn was now thirtyfive years old, but perhaps this was only a fair start for

### THE PITIFUL END OF A SINGER'S CAREER.

CHARLES BICHARDT, A FRENCH OPERA SINGER, DIES IN POVERTY AND WITHOUT PRIENDS. Charles Etchardt, age forty, a French tenor, died in the New York Hespital on Sunday from pneumonia. He cate of fi

pal tenor in the Grand Opera and occupied this position for eight years at a large salary.

Richardt then determined to try his fortunes in America, and arrived in New-Orleans five years ago. He

a French company. He did so, but the project failed. He came to this city about three months ago and accured an engagement in the Church of the Epiphany in Secondave, and in a synagogue in Brooklyn, but fliness overtook him and he was obliged to withdraw. He was taken sick with pneumonia on Saturday and died comparatively a beggar.

### HAS SHE FALLEN OVER THE PALISADES!

Mrs. Catharine Reemer, age seventy-one, has been missing from her home in Hoboken-st., West New York since Friday. She visited a friend in Bonnsville on that day and left for home before dark. Her family, thinking that she had remained at her friend's house, were not alarmed until Sunday when a searching party scoured the neighborhood looking for her. The search was fruit-less. It is feared that she may have wandered to the odge of the Pailsades and failen over.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL SCHOLARS IN A PLAY.

a pleasant entertainment was given last night at highi Hall by the scholars of the Shaaray Teflia Sunschool. It consisted of singing, recitations and solos, and was concluded with a comedicate entitled, "Birds in their Little Neste Must Agree," in which held and after supper there was dancing.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE GERMAN SOCIETY. The annual meeting of the German Society was held last night at Liederkranz Hall, East Fifty-eighth-st. About nfty members were present, among them Presi-Cent Charles Hanselt, William Steinway, ex-Governor Salomon, E. Steiger, the publisher, A. Feigel, the Ger-man Consul-General, G. W. Brun, ex-Judge Otterbourg and Mr. Cammerer. Twenty-four new members were significant to the construction of the construction of the construction of the construction committee. The various annual reports showed the society to be in a prosperous condition. The society voted to protest against the action of the Com-missioners of Emigration in seeking to close the German Labor Bursan in Coast. Content and the content of the com-Labor Bureau in Castle Garden; approved the course of selt, and empowered him to act for them in the future; and voted to assist their Rechtschutzeitung,

warm reception. This did not coincide with Emma's ideas of proper treatment, and the next day she packed up a few of her clothes and ran away. Her mother reported the case to Police Headquarters last evening and a general starm was sent out for the missing girl. She was of a nervous disposition, and it is thought that she may have jumped into the

TEMPERANCE WITH LAGER, BREWERS CARRY A BILL TO ALBANY.

UNKIND THRUSTS IN THE SENATE OVER THE SUGAR TRUST INVESTIGATION.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. ALBANY, Feb. 27 .- The Legislature resumed its session to-night after a recess o ten days. The Assembly met in the Chamber as usual.

Henry Clausen, president of the Brewers and The resolution admitting advertising signs in the cars Henry Clausen, president of the was reconsidered. It was also shown that expert Maltsters Association, arrived here to-night, bringbeen drawn up by the brewers. The chief feature of this measure is said to be a provision that beer may be sold on Sunday from 2 p. m. until midreport of the sold on Sunday from 2 p. in. may be sold on Sunday f that licenses to sell beer shall be between \$30 and \$100, and that the licenses to sell spirituous

Mr. Clausen's bill limits the number of saloous the need of deferring final action in regard to Brooklyn to one in every 300 of the sopulation erminal facilities until the report of the expert engi- Assemblyman Blumenthal introduced a bill to-night authorizing the authorities of New-York to expend \$250,000 in the purchase of ground for a farmers' market at Seventy-seventh-st., Seventysixth-st, and the Eastern Boulevard.

Assemblyman Brandage, who is a Union veteran, Sup rintendent Katle, of the Central road; Colonel John Adams, U. S. A., and General Crawford, of the Pennsylvania road, had requested the engineers to prepare plans in accordance with their report, and it would take two months to do this. Mr. Howell urged that action should be taken on terminal facilities at both pension, bounty or back pay, and all property purends at the same time. The experts recommended, he chased with such money, and all property received said, that the elevated trains should pass over the in exchange for property so purchased, so far as the Bridge on a structure in the second story above the same can be traced, shall be exempt from execution.'

Assemblyman Hadley introduced a bill providing that not more than ten per cent of the convicts in the State prisons shall be employed in any one

The major portion of the session of the Senate The question of a distributing platform was then was taken up to-night by the discussion of a resotaken up, and General A. C. Barnes said there was lution introduced by Senator Ives to bring before

Sands-st. and the company had contracted for its from work and was ready to put it up.

GENEAL BARNES ASTOUNDED.

General Barnes said that he was perfectly astonished to learn that the Union Company had the right to put its

Salaries of the engineers of the department.

The annual report of the Pilot Commission, which was sent to the Assembly to-night, states that the service is in excellent condition. Out of the 6.651 vessels piloted only seven have filed complaints, and of these complaints five were dismissed. Twenty-one schooners are in the pilot service, with 131 pilots. There have been six deaths and four new pilots have been added to the service. The total sum earned last year was \$430,275. An appropriation of \$5,000 is asked for to help remove wrecks.

# LECTURE BY THE GOVERNOR.

IN A VETO MESSAGE. 27 (Special).-Governor Hill to-night, surse the Southern Central Railroad, of which Thomas

. Platt is president, for the loss of certain interest on some bonds. A cashier of a bank of Auburn ran away said that if this association succeeded in securing the payers of Auturn protest against paying the money twice and think that the sureties of the Railroad Commissioners of Auburn who put the money in the robbed bank should pay the money. Governor Hill

This bill illustrates the evils of hasty legislation.
It was passed in both Houses on the same day, which was the day of its introduction. It was never printed nor referred to any standing committee in either house The association would also promote many other good thousand more support of the work.

The association would also promote many other good thousand more support of the work.

The fiev Dr. L. T. Chamberlain told what women had necomplished. The names of Mrs. Slowe, Miss Frances Wihard and Mrs. Cleveland were applicated. He gave some of the startling flaures of the pay for women's work in making garments. The fiev Dr. R. R. Mercaith and that there were from 50,000 to 60,000 women in Brookly who were wage-carners. Many supported others than themse, ves, and all were begirt with perils and temptations from debanched and consciencedess men who hay in wait for them with the releatlessness and ferocity of tigers. Aid for them was true Christian pliffantiropy.

Among others present were the Revs. A. J. Lyman, A. S. Hard, R. S. Pardington, T. B. McLeed and W. H. Dagersoll, Joshua M. Van Cott, Henry L. Pratt and D. W. Lewilliams. The association wants \$3,000 to carry on swork for the present year.

Granada, Feb. 27.—Domingo Garcia y Cartaya, until ecently a member of the Nicaragua Canal Survey, has met with an accidental death. Mr. Cortayi was an en gineer, and chief of one of the parties in the field, A: at a month ago he resigned, on a surgeon's certificate of falling health. He was a resident of New-

PRINCESS HELENE KOTCHOUBEY. St. Petersburg, Feb. 27.—Princess Helene Ketchou bey, chief lady of the Crarina's household, is dead.

JOHN CLAYTON.

London, Feb. 27.-John Clayton, the actor, of "Dandy Dick" fame, is dead. JOHN J. FLANAGAN.

Utica, N. Y., Feb. 27.—John J. Flanagan, for many years city editor of "The Utica Observer," and extensively known in the State, fell dead this morning while

attending the funeral of a friend.

AN INTERESTING BANJO CONTEST Chickering Hali was filled last night with admirers of the banjo. A banjo tournament and concert took place there under the direction of the well-known planagers, Mesars. Phipps and Gottschalk. The most interesting feature of th evening, though the andience appeared to enjoy every feature of a long and diversified programme, was a bunjo centest between four young men for two handsome medals. The contestants were Rueben R. Brooks, R. W. Brailsford, H. N. Denton and Vass. Ossman. Mr. Brooks took the first prize, a gold medal, and Mr. Oseman won the second medal. They probably would have been kept playing all night had not the number of banjo strings for the occasion been limited.

Besites the contestants, Gad. Rebinson, Tsomas J. Armstrong and Frank Eckland gave banjo performances. Others who took part in the concert were the Knickerbocker Male Quariette; T. Russell Williams, humorous vocalist; John M. Young, impersonator, and Dudas Matyas, enimbal so the Hungarian National Orchestra.

# · TRYING TO JUMP FROM A FERRYBOAT.

One of the passengers in the ferry boat Pulton, of the Pul ton Ferry line, which reached Brooklyn at 8:30 last even-ing, was Miss Martna Crane, a well-dressed young woman of twenty-two years. When the woat was nearly in the slip Harry Beard, and was detained until the shere was reached when she was arrested and taken to the York atreet Police Station. A package of exalte acid was found in her pocket. She gave her name and said that she was a telegraph oper-ator, but remace to tell where she lived. She denied that she wanted to end her life.

JAMES REDPATH REGAINING HEALTH. -James Redpath, the Irish agitator and journalist, who has been suffering from parelysis for more than a month, is Emma Hatje, a pretty girl about thirteen years old, went to the Grand Opera House on Saturday evening without her bother's consent, and when Emma got home she received a permanent, and when Emma got home she received a permanent, and when Emma got home she received a

A LEFT-HANDED VINDICATION FOR HIM. THE HOUSE CONSIDERS THE COMMISSIONER'S

ILLEGAL 100-DAY CIRCULAR. Washington, Feb. 27 (Special).-Commissioner

Black, of the Pension Bureau, received a lefthanded vindication by the votes of his party friends in the House to-day. Mr. Matson, from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, brought back, with a recommendation that it lie on the table, the resolution offered by Mr. Mason, of Illinois, inquiring, first, whether the Commissioner of Pensions had issued a circular informing pension claimants that their cases would be dismissed unless they furnished additional evidence within 100 days; second, by what authority of law such a notice was issued; and, third, whether any claims had been rejected on account of non-compliance with the requirements of the

Chairman Matson said that such a circular had

Chairman Matson said that such a circular had been issued, and that a letter from General Black stated that the effect of it had been salutary by stimulating claimants whose cases had been dormant for years, so that many such claims had been adjusted and been allowed. He thought that the committee "had exhausted the subject" by procuring the written statement of Black.

Mr. Mason said that the Commissioner had no authority to issue such a circular, and thus set up a statute of limitations on his own account. It was true General Black had admitted that it was merely a device to frighten claimants. So far as they were concerned, Black had taken the place of Congress and imposed a condition which that body had never authorized. In a single division in the Pension tiffice 800 claims had been dismissed under the circular, although Black well knew that he would be compelled to respect every one of them to-morrow if new testimony were offered. Black had affirmed that its effect was to "expedite business." If "expedition" was wanted, why not issue a circular threatening to dismiss every case at the end of ten days unless new testimony should be offered? Black is appealing for more clerks on the plea that the present force is inadequate to keen up with present business, and yet be finds time and force to ransack the old files and notify to thousands of claimants, who for various reasons have been unable to complete their cases, that unless they do so the claims will be rejected at the end of 100 days.

Colonel Matson renewed his motion to table

they do so the claims will be rejected at the end of 100 days.

Colonel Matson renewed his motion to table the resolution. On a division it was rejected. Matson then demanded the yeas and nays, which were ordered. Scouts were sent out for absent Democrats and the motion was carried by a vote of 119 to 99, and Black thus escaped an inquiry which would have been unpleasant and which he regarded as a piece of insertinence. It is well known that the effect of the circular in hundreds, probably in thousands, of cases has been to discourage claimants who have had difficulty and experienced delay in obtaining needful testimony, and they have abandoned claims many of which undoubtedly were just.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF NEEDY VETERANS. A GRAND ARMY FAIR IN WASHINGTON-WHY AID PROM ABROAD IS SOLICITED.

Washington, Feb. 27 (Special).-The fair of the Grand Army of the Republic in the Department of the Potomac, which was opened on Washington's Birthday and will continue until March 9, promises to be a great success. Many contributions have already been received from different parts of the country, and more are solicited. In its appeal to the public the Executive Com-

mittee truly says:

Unlike Grand Army organizations in other sections of the country, where individual members of large communities vie with each other in supporting the old soldiers who grew up in their midst, we of the lepartment of the Potomac find ourselves embarrassed by peculiar circumstances. Having no municipal authorities with power to appropriate funds to whom we may successfully apply for the assistance of needy comrades and widows and orphans of those deceased, we have been compelled thus far to provide the means for carrying on the good work and defraying all expenses incidental thereto. We now find that, as the years roll by, the active membership of the organization is gradually but surely growing smaller, while the dependent class is constantly increasing in number; the burden, therefore, is becoming heavier each year upon those who not only support themselves, but assist in caring for those who are less fortunate. In addition to our own poor, we are also constantly appealed to by comrades from abroad who come here seeking employment, by others who are trying to promote the adjustment of their military records or to urge action in pension claims, and who have no means of support. All these demands impose a heavy tax upon our charity fund.

The preceeds of the fair are to be applied to the charity funds of the several Grand Army

ILLUSTRATING THE EVILS OF HASTY LEGISLATION | Vilus, had a lively time on Thursday last. Senator upon the Secretary to secure the appointment of one of their friends to a comfortable berth in the Interior Department. When they reached the Secretary's office they found it guarded by a colored man, who at first reinsed admittance to the distinguished visitors; but he finally admitted them into the angust presence of the Secretary under protest. Senator Voorbees, who acted as spokesman for the party, presented the claims of the applicant for office. Before he had fairly got through with his story Mr. Vilas interrupted, saying that he regretted his inability to do anything for the Senator's friend. This acted upon the distinguished iboster is very much the same way that a red flag is supposed to act upon a mad ball. Then and there the fail Sycamore of the Wabush began to read the riot act to Secretary Vilas, to which the latter responded by frequent references to "reform."

"Black reform," cried the infuriated Voorbies, now thoroughly aroused. "I wish you to understand that but for the aid which Indiana gave the party four years ago you would be in Wisconsinger.

party four veits ago you would be in Wisconsin yet. Now when I ask you to remember those ser-vices, you refuse to do anything, making a pretence

finability to do so."

For a moment it looked as if worse might follow, no the encounter between these two distinguished but the encounter between these two distinguished Democrats was confined to a buttle of words, and after Mr. Voorhees had had his say he turned upon his heel, followed by his sympathizing friends and admirers, leaving the Secretary of the Interior to ponder over his niggardly treatment of hoosier-

## A SWEEP IF NOT A CLEAN ONE.

WHOLESALE DISCHARGE OF ASSISTANT CUSTODIANS AND JANITORS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27,-Acting Secretary Thompson to-day signed orders for the dismissal and reduction of salaries of assistant custodians, janitors, elevator conductors and laborers in all the public buildings under the Treasury Department, about fifty in number. This action was rendered necessary because of the famine of Congress to make provision for the deficiency which otherwise would have occurred. Over two hundred persons are affected by the changes. In New-York alone twenty-three persons are dismissed and the salaries of thirteen others are reduced. All elevator conductors are dropped and most of the janitors and assistant custodians. The custodians are instructed to readjust the remaining force so as to secure the best possible care and protection of the public buildings. The order takes effect March 1. It will make a reduction in expenses of \$7,500 a month, or \$30,000 for the balance of the fiscal year.

THE HOME MARKET CLUB'S TARIFF BILL. PROPOSING A BIG REDUCTION OF DUTY ON SUGAR AND OF TAXES ON TOBACCO.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 (Special).-Representative Long, of Massachusetts, at the request of the Home Market Clab, of Boston, to-day introduced into the House a bill to amend the laws relating to the duties on sugar, and the taxes on tebacco and distilled spirits. In a long letter to Congress, his own bond that was to be approved he put which accompanies the bill, the club points out and explains the chief features of the bill. It shows that a reduction of 50 per cent is made in the sugar tariff and that it remedies grave defects in the present law. Below No. 13 Dutch standard. in the present law. Below No. 13, Dutch standard. and less than 75 degrees, polariscope test, sevenhundreths cent per pound and two-hundreths additional for every additional degree concentrated Melada is to be classed as sugar; above No. 13 and not above No. 16, D. S., one and thirty sevenhundreths cents per pound; above No. 16 and not above No. 20, D. S., one and a half cents per pound; above No. 26, D. S., one and seventy-fivehundreths cents per pound.

Molasses below 56 degrees polariscope test, 2 cents per gallon; and above that figure, 4 cents There is a bounty clause in the bill attewing a

BLACK SAVED BY PARTISANS. importation, and all fees relating to inspection, measurement, clearance manifests, etc., of vessels are abolished.

The taxes on domestic manufactured tobacco are to be reduced 50 per cent, as are also the special taxes on retail dealers in the same commodity.

Provision is made for the withdrawal, free of tax, from bonded warehouses, of distilled spirits or alcohol to be used for scientific or manufacturing purposes, or in the arts.

NICARAGUA CANAL COMPANY.

INCORPORATED BY THE SENATE. MR. VEST'S AMENDMENTS REJECTED-THE SUGAR

TRUST IN THE HOUSE. WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 .- Among the petitions proented and referred in the Senate to-day was one of the Chicago Board of Trade protesting against any regislation that would deprive citizens of the United tates of the facilities offered by Canadian railroads or the transportation of American products free of duty under the Bonded Transportation act.

Among the bilis introduced and referred were the By Mr. GORMAN-To establish a Court of Patent

On motion of Mr. EDMUNDS the Senate at 12:50 esumed consideration of the bill to incorporate the Maritime Canal Company of Nicaragua.

estrict or impair in any way any right of the United States under any treaty in force with the Republic of Nicaragua, Agreed to. Mr. VEST offered a resolution declaring that nothing in the act should be head or construed to involve in any manner the United States in any pecuniary obli-

Mr. EDMUNDS offered a resolution declaring that

othing in the act should be deemed or construed to

gation, except as to the payment of tolls. The amendnent was rejected. Yeas, 21; nays, 22. Mr. VEST offered another amendment providing that no part of the capital stock paid in shall be at any time withdrawn or returned to the stockhoiders. or be in any manner diverted from the proper uses

Mr. TELLER opposed the amendment, declaring, in the course of his argument, that there was not a more important undertaking to the minds of men than the building of the Nicaragua Canal. The American people (he said) could not afford to allow the French Government to build the Panama Canal and hold it in hostility to the United states.

Mr. HOAR suggested to Mr. VEST to modify his amendment by allowing stock to be returned to stockamendment by allowing stock to be returned to stockholders for the purpose of winding up the corporation,
and Mr. VEST monities it accordingly.

Mr. VANCE called the attention of Republican Senaiors to the fact that the bij omitted to require an
materials used in the work to be of American manufacture. Was not that, he asked, an evasion of the
duty which Senarois owed to the Pennsylvania steel
and from manufacturers?

Mr. Tellieis replied that if the managers of the
enterprise were untrammelled, and would buy their
picks and shovels and barrows where they could find
them best and cheapest, they would buy them in the
United States.

Mr. VEST'S amendment was rejected. Yeas, 17;
nays, 26.

Mr. VEST'S amendment was rejected. Yeas, 17; nays, 26.

The bill passed—yeas, 38; nays, 15.

The bill incorporating Frederick Billings, Charles P. Daly, Daniel Ammen, Francis A. Stout, Horace L. Hotchkiss, Edward F. Itacia, Hiram Hitchcock, C. Ridgeley Goodwin, A. C. Cheyney, J. F. O'shaughnessy, H. C. Taylor, J. W. Miller, A. S. Crowningshield, A. G. Menocal, Charles H. Stebbins, T. Harrison Garrett, Jules Aldige, R. A. Lancaster, Alfred E. Mills, Gustave E. Kissell, Horace Fairbanks, George H. Robinson, Alfred R. Darling, Joseph E. McDonaid, James Roosevelt, Christian Devries, Friderick F. Thompson, Henry A. Parr and such other persons as may be associated with them and their successors for the construction, equipment, management and operation of a ship canal from the Atlantic to the Pacific Gecan, either entirely through the territory of the Republic of Nicaragua or through Nicaragua and in part through the territory of the Republic of Costa Elica, with such collateral connecting or cross canals as may be necessary to connect the ewith.

The capital stock of the company is to consist of content of the capital stock of the company is to consist of

The capital stock of the company is to consist of

any time outstanding.
The Senate then took up the bill granting pensions to ex-soliders and saltors who are incapacitated for the the performance of manual labor and providing for pensions to dependent relatives of deceased soldiers and saltors.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. BRECKINRIDGE, of Arkansas, called up in the House the adverse report of the Committee on Man-

seeling employment, by others who are trying to promote the adjustment of their military records or to promote the adjustment of their military records or to promote the adjustment of their military records or to promote the adjustment of their military records or to promote the adjustment of their military records or the adjustment of their military records or the adjustment of the manals impose a heavy tax upon our charity fund.

The proceeds of the fair are to be applied to the charity funds of the several Grand Army nosts and of the Woman's Relief Corps. General S. S. Burdett, Post Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R., is president of the Executive Committee.

S. Burdett, Post Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R., is president of the Executive Committee.

S. Burdett, Post Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R., is president of the Executive Committee.

S. Burdett, Post Commander-in-Chief of the Ladies' Executive Committee.

SECRETARY AND SENATOR CLASH.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 (Special).—Those two emplains maile against the Sugar Trust was that the head on the small manufacturers and the wife of Senator Voorhees and Secretary Vilas, had a lively time on Taursday last. Senator Voorhees and Secretary Vilas, had a lively time on Taursday last. Senator Voorhees and a company of Hooster friends, among them Segion Turpic and Colonel Matson, called upon the Secretary to secure the appointment of one of their friends to a comfortable bertu in the lowest time. The colone of the continuous company of the Provision of the colone of the continuous contended that these of the Secretary to secure the appointment of one of their friends to a comfortable bertu in the lowest time. The solution of the colone of the propose of the people without solutions into the New Jorks Charles and the Rev. Newland Maynard.

Mr. BIECKINRIDGE, of Arkansas, called up in the House in the solution of the contract of the Charles of the C of ascertaining that the Collector of the Port of New York seemed to know becorehand that he did not know

Mr. BRECKINGINGE regretted that the gentleman had cen fit to make this last statement.

Mr. MILLIKEN disclaimed any intention of reflecting proper the Collections. anything about the subject at all.

ng upon the Collector. His statement was based upon the language of the report.

The re-olution was laid upon the table.

Under the call of States the following bills and resolutions were intruduced add referred; by Mr. MORROW, of Cantornia-Calling on the President for information as to what steps have been

taken in the direction of treaty stipulations, or otherwise, to prevent the continued immigration of Chinese laborers into the United States, notwithstanding the provisions of the treaty of November 17, 1880, and the wa passed in pursuance thereof.

By Mr. Milliarria, of Manne-Requesting Informa-tion as to the exportation of singars from the port of New York and the classification of the same. By Mr. Buchtanan, of New-Jersey-cranting pen-sions to persons disabled in the Life-aving service, by Mr. Will'IE, of New-York-Calling on the Com-missioner of Agreni the for information as to the forests of the Rosay Mountains.

by Mr. White, or New-York—Calling on the Commissioner of Agriculture for information as to the forcests of the Roady Mountains.

A bill for the protection of fishermen was intreduced by Mr. likeling his compass and sufficient food and water to tast the crew two weeks.

By Mr. CRAIN, of Texas—A joint resolution proposing the amendments to the Constitution by which a proposing the amendments to the Constitution by which april 30 shall her after be substituted for March 4 as the beginning and termination of the official terms of the Freschent and the vice President; and December 31 for March 4 as the beginning and termination of the official terms of the Freschent and the Vice President; and December 31 for March 4 as the beginning and termination of the official terms of the Senators and of the members of the library of Representatives, the Congress to meet on the item to the first Marchay in January.

The floor was then accorded to the Committee on the District of Columbia, and after a few bills were passed Mr. WHSON, of West Virginia, offered the following minute:

of husiness relating to the District of Columbia, this House doesn's it not imappropriate to place on record a testimonial of respect for the memory of that eminent officer of the District, the late W. W. Corcoran, who as a munificent pairon of art, science and many public and putvate charities both in the National Capital and in the country at large, has left a memory that deserves to be gratefully cherished not only by residents of the historic of columbia, but by the people of the country, of the workings of whose institutions he was a conspicuous libratration."

The minute was unanimously ordered spread upon the journal.

HOW JUDGE MCCUE'S BOND WAS APPROVED. WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 (Special) -The bonds of all officers of the Treasury Department are submitted to the Solicitor-General for examination and approval. When the bond filed by ex-Judge McCue, who has been appointed Sub-Treasurer at New-York, was received at the Department it was sent to the Solicitor-General's office. As soon, however, as Judge McCue discovered that it was on his hat and coat, spread the bond out on his desk, and sent for his assistant, telling him to strolled out of the building and walked up Peansylvania-ave, thence around past the west side
of the Treasury and finally back to his office,
where he found the Assistant-Solicitor hard at
work Among other things that had been done
white he took his little walk around the block
was the approval of his own bond as Assistant
Treasurer at New-York. In this way he not only
avoided the embarrassment of being called upon,
like Pooh Bah, to pass upon his own affairbut he also set an ingenious example for other
Democratic office holders who may be placed in
a similar position to follow.

PRINTER BENEDICT IN HIS OWN BEHALF. WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.-Mr. Benedict, the Public Printer, this evening resumed his testimony be-There is a bounty clause in the bill allowing a bounty of \$1\$ for every ton of beets or sugar came raised and manufactured into sugar in the United States, and for every one hundred pounds of sugar or molasses produced from the maple tree.

No part of the drawback upon exportations of imported merciandise, or of articles made from imported merciandise, or of articles made from imported materials shall hereafter be retained by the United States. All fees of customs officers upon entries of imported goods and goods for the special committee charged with investigation in the bill allowing and fore every tone hundred pounds of sugar or molasses produced from the maple tree.

No part of the drawback upon exportations of imported materials shall hereafter be retained by the United States. All fees of customs officers alone. He gave, in some detail, a sketch of the alone of imported goods and goods for the special committee charged with investigation in the United States of affairs rather than manipulation taking on something like 150,000 barrels. As a result to the door had been crowded to a danger point with a mass of unfinished work. It had looked more than \$1,000 in whitewashing alone are provided to a danger point with a mass of unfinished work. It had looked more than \$1,000 in whitewashing alone. He gave, in some detail, a sketch of the entire issue of feets, and the other brokers wonder what he is referred to the boying late in the seasion, taking on something like 150,000 barrels. As a result to the door had been crowded to a danger point with a mass of unfinished work. It had looked more than \$1,000 in whitewashing alone and the season, taking on something like 150,000 barrels. As a result to the door had been crowded to a danger point of the day was 91 1.4 cents. He had been crowded to a danger point of the day was 91 1.4 cents. He had been crowded to a danger point of the day was 91 1.4 cents. He had been crowded to a danger point of the day was 91 1.4 cents. He had been crowded to a danger point of the da fore the special committee charged with investi-

the saving of money and securing of better

TO TAKE BACK THE BODY OF GENERAL PAEZ. Washington, Feb. 27 (Special).-Congressman Jehu Baker, formerly United States Minister to Venezuela, introduced in the House to day a resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to designate a National man-of-war to convey the body of General Jose Antonio Paez, who died in this country in 1873, to Venezuela.

OPENING THE BERKELEP LYCEUM.

FILLED WITH A HOST OF FRIENDS. EXTRACTS FROM THE GRATION OF DR. JOHN

WHITE, HEAD MASTER OF THE SCHOOL. The new Berkeley Lyceum, in West Forty-fourthst., a description of which has been published in THE TELBUNE, was formally opened last night with appropriate exercises. The beautiful building was inspected by a host of the friends of Berkeley School, and the verdict of all was that even the fondest hopes as to the new addition had been realized. The exercises began with Gobbaert's march, "Patria," rendered by the Berkeley School orchestra, which consists Jacob Wendell, jr., '87, on F. Plummer, jr., '87; E. Maynard, '89; Rudolph Neeser, '90; Gerard P. Herrick, '91; S. Howell Shepard, '86; Albert

P. Herrick, '91; S. Howell Shepard, '86; Albert R. Gallatin, '87; John C. Neeser, jr., '87; George L. Degener, '88; Percy R. Turnure, '90; Edward B. Jackson, '92; Ernerst D. White, '92; Faneuil S. Weisse, '92, and Thomas L. Victor, '89; Bishop Henry C. Potter offered a prayer, invoking a blessing on the new Lyceum, and was followed with a chorus by the boys of the school. "Integer Vitae," sung in a manner which showed careful training of the fresh young values. The careful training of the fresh young voices. The opening address by Dr. Joseph H. Choate, preceded another number by the orchestra and Dr. John S. White, head master of the school, delivered the oration of the evening. The following are extracts from the address:

DEFENDING MUSCULAR CHRISTIANITY. "From the time of St. Jerome down to the beginning of the present decade, a vigorous constitution and exuberant health have always been considered inconsistent with "spiritual sanctity." Students of divinity, forty years ago, were practically excluded by public opinion from participation in any form of athletic sports and the idea is still rife in most communities that the minister of the Gospel must make his life

and the idea is still rife in most communities that the minister of the Gospel must make his life eccentric by excessive self abnegation. The history of the Church will show, however, that all great religious movements have been accompanied by vigorous and able bodied saints. It is my purpose to show that we are at the threshold, in America, of a new era of physical development, and that upon such physical development, will speedily come an intellectual age likely to transcend anything that the world has yet seen.

First among the public buildings of Greece, which brought forth so many illustrious men, were the gymnasiums, because they were the centre points of Greek life. Here were maintained all kinds of regulated exercise for the purpose of strengthening the body.

What was true in Attica was true also in Rome during the Golden Age.

The physical exercise of the middle ages had taken the form, merely, of self-inflicted nunishment, or religious penance. No wonder that the physique which such treatment produced could not support a vigorous brain.

If you inquire for the cause of the extraordinary intellectual accomplishment of the great German nation during the last fifty years. I must contend, that its basis was furnished by the revolution in physical training wrought by Jahn and the turn-versions. physical training wrought by Jahn and the turn

vereins... this splendid shrine to health brings to-night one special message, it is fitly that which the greatest of kings gave as his last enribly charge to the wisest of sons: "Be strong, and show thyself a man!" WELL-KNOWN PROPLE PRESENT.

Charlton M. Lewis read an original poem, the boys of the school sang an original ode of dedication, words by Dr. White, music by George F. Le Jeune, and Dr. George William Curtis closed the exercises with an address and by handing

the exercises with an address and by handing the kevs of the Lyceum to Dr. Watson L. Savage, the director.

Among the well-known people in the audience were Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Turnure. Mr. and Mrs. William N. Spackman. Mr. and Mrs. Fd-ward Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Moss. Mr. and Mrs. John P. Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. De Witt Bridgman, Mr. and Mrs. Townsend McKeever, Mrs. Joseph H. Choate, Mrs. Walter B. Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman Miller, General Barlow and Mrs. Barlow. Miss Clarisse Livingston, Miss Bridgman, the Misses Choate, Miss Minnie Dale, Charles L. Colby, Fred L. Brown and the Rev. Newland Maynard.

arrest for the murder of the town marshal of Cheraw. Before the abolition of slavery Colonel Cash owner large plantations and several hundred slaves. At the outbreak of the war he was one of the first in the fie and commanded the 5th south Carolina Regiment at the first battle of Manassas. He had a very quick temper and since the war has killed four men. Two of these were negroes whom he killed on some slight provocation. In 1880 Cash fought the famous due with Colonel Shannon. The difficulty grew out of a quarrel between the tadies of the two families treated to the Mikington of some present. Colonel Shannon. quarrel between the ladies of the two families regarding the division of some property. Solonel shannon aithough an old man, accepted Cash's challenge and was shot through the heart. The people of the stare condenned this duel so soverely that shortly afterward the Legislature passed the anti-ducling law, putting the duellist on the same footing with an ordinary

THE GAYEST OF THE FANCY DRESS BALLS. PRETTY COSTUMES AND EARLY HOURS - MAYOR

HEWITT'S LETTER NOT A DAMPER. The fancy dress ball of the Cercle Français de l'Harmonie was held last night in the Metropolitan Opera House. Every one who was there agreed that it was a success-a success unqualified even by Mayor Hewitt's with natural flowers; on the stage was set the street scene from the opera of "Faust"; and from the middle of it the words "Cerele Français de l'Harmonie" blazed out in letters of light, formed by gas jets. The attend ance was large and the costumes of the masqueraders were pretty and effective. A few of them snowed decided originality. The guests kept arriving until close on midmight, when the doors were closed and no more comers were admitted.

Cappa's 7th Regiment Band played the promenade music, and the dance music was supplied by Max Schwab's orchestra. Each dance piece was tollowed by a promeuade piece, so that with this alternation there was a continual stream of melody all the time the festivities lasted. A number of grotesque dances per-A large force of police was on hand. The work of preparing for and successfully conducting the hall was distributed among the following committees:

Committee of Arrangements—L. Rossignot, Charles Villa, E. Borval, H. Gentil, A. Lefebvre, F. Huot, Joseph Weill, J. M. Dubois, C. Gousset, and L. Lafon, president; Reception Committee—Charles Anshanx, A. V. Benoil, J. Bernadat, J. N. Bertrand, C. M. Boland, E. Capel, A. Flaurand, V. Fottwengier, A. de Garris, J. Graet, J. C. Galoupeau, L. Harraux, L. Isabeau, J. Kahn, Edward Lagorde, J. A. Lucin, Charles E. Martel, Charles Marghand, C. Ode, G. A. Palllard, E. Reyssier, Charles Ruesser, G. Silva, B. Simon and L. Simon; Fress Reception Committee—L. Lafon, Charles Villa and J. Dardon-ville; Floor Committee—J. M. Dubois, L. Rossigvot, Benjasin A. Glequel, Benjann Weill, J. M. Jouffet, H. Tissot, C. Gousses, A. Lertrand, Joseph Weill, J. Callman, A. Destourdeur, G. Blumenteld, L. Picaut, A. Lefebvre and F. Heury.

THE JERSEY MILK LAW IN NO DANGER. TRENTON, Feb. 27.—A long debate in the Senate to-night on the proposed act to modify the present milk law was ended by the withdrawal of the measure by its introducer.

Six hundred copies of the Local Option High License bill were ordered printed. Governor Green sent into the Senate vetoes of the bilis authorizing the formation of associations for the establishment of a public park in Hudson County, and authorizing the payment of a bill of last year's Senate officers.

SENATOR EDMUNDS WILL NOT GO TO CHICAGO. BURLINGTON. Feb. 27. Senator Edmunds, in a letter to the Editor of "The Press," declines to be a delegate to the Chicago Convention. He says Congress will be in session in June, and his duties will keep him in Washington. He has other purely personal reasons, which he need not mention.

HIGH PRICES FOR PETROLBUM

PITTSBURG, Feb. 27 (Special).—Petroleum opened to-day at 92 and closed at 93 5-8 cents The bulls are predicting dollar ctl. Buying was stimulated by the opinion that the scarcity of certificates in the East was due to a legitimate state of affairs rather than manipulation

# GEO. C. FLINT CO.

announce the opening of advance styles in Spring Goods. Entirely new styles are shown and a most complete line.

Visitors in the city are invited to inspect the above.

104, 106, 108 West 14th-st.

# Abrnold, Constable & Co.

# 'ANDERSON'S ZEPHYRS," Spring Checks, Stripes and Plaids.

PLAIN COLORS

Unexcelled for durability, wear, color-

Broadway & 19th st.

ings and designs.

DISCUSSING RAPID TRANSIT.

VIEWS ON MAYOR HEWITT'S MESSAGE. THE COMMONWEALTH CLUB IN THE MAIN AP-PROVES THE CITY'S OWNERSHIPS OF ROADS.

The Commonwealth Club last evening ate dinner a the Metropolitan Hotel, and then listened to addresses on the question of rapid transit, as suggested by Mayor Hewitt in his recent message. Prominent among those present were O. B. Potter, D. Willis James, Car. Schurz, Dorman B. Eaton, D. H. Chamberlain, Corpor ation Counsel Beckman, President Bayles, of the Board of Health; L. C. May, Anthony Dyett, Postmaster Pearson, Charles A. Miller, W. L. Turner, Isidor Strauss, A. O. D. Wedemeyer, Frank M. Scott, G. W. Doubleday' Horace E Deming, W. M. Grinnell, Charles A. Coombs, John De Witt Warner, the Rev. Kingsley Twining, I. P. Church and F. Vinton. D. Willis James presided. He explained the object

of the meeting and warmly commended the Mayor's suggestions. W. I. Coombs, of Brooklyn, read an interesting paper, bristling with statistics. He said in part: "For a generation or two we have been giving away our various franchises, fearing that as a munici pality we might not use them wisely, and find that the people to whom they were given have abused them, using them as personal perquisites, and not as trust from the people. Let the city retain the franchise and build roads which it will own absolutely for all time. I agree with the Mayor in the class of roads proposed to be built, but differ with him radically when

THE WEATHER REPORT

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS-FOR 24 HOURS. WASHINGTON, Feb. 27 .- For New England, fair westler, colder in the eastern portion, slowly rising temperature is the western person, fresh to brisk westerly wind, shifting

to sonthwesterly.

For Eastern New-York, Eastern Pennylvania, New-Jersey and Delaware, fair weather, fresh to brisk westerly with a shifting to southwesterly, stationary followed by slowly rising temperature.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS

BAR.

12845078910121234587891011

34

26

27

18

In the diagram a continuous line shows the barrhard fuctuations yearerday, as observed at the United States Signal Service station at his city. The dashes indicate the temperature noted at Hudnut's pharmacy, 218 Breakway.

TRIBUNE OFFICE, Feb. 28 1 A. M.—A cold wave forced the mercury down from 38° to 16° between midnight and andnight, yesterday, the average (26%) being 3% lower than

on the corresponding day last year, and 123,0 lower than un sunday. For a few hours the sky was cloudy. In and near this city to day there will probably be colder THE WOUNDED AT MT. VERNON DOING WELL Mount Vernor Ill., Feb. 27.-The wounded, most of whom are quartered in the Supreme Court House, which is used as a hospital, are receiving the best medical attendance that can be procured. Two sisters from a St. Louis hospital are in the city and are doing good work among the sufferers. Of the wounded, seventy-five in number, Mrs. Legge and the Hogan boy will die. All the rest are getting along as well a could be expected, and many will be out in a few days. As about five hundred houses were destroyed, almost every family in the city whose house was left standing,

every family in the city whose house was left standing, have taken from five to twelve persons with them. One family of three, whose name is igleheart, and who had but two rooms, now have seventeen in with them.

The Relief Committee are doing a good deal to alleviate the suffering by giving bedding, clothing and something to cat. Master Mechanic Walsh, of the Louisville and Nashville shops, has requested all of his capployes to report to him the amount of damage doub to their property, he having \$10,000 in his charge to be divided among those whose property was damaged. Mayor G. H. Varnell has gone to therapo, where he is to secure enough lumber to build fifty houses.

A CONGREGATIONAL CLUB IN BROOKLYN. The Brooklyn Congregational Club was fully organized last evening at a meeting of representa-tives of seven of the principal churches of the denomination in that city, held last evening in the Johnson Building, at Fulion st. and Flatbush ave. A constitution and bylaws, modelled upon those of similar clubs in this and other cities was adopted. The object of the club was stated to be to secure more friendly and intimate acquaintance among members of the churches of the denomination and to secure concert of action and promote the general interests of Congregationalism in the city. The membership was of Congregationalism in the city. The membership was limited to 200, and monthly moetlage will be held The initiation for was fixed at \$5, and the annual dues will be \$10.

The following officers were elected: President James Mitchell, of the Clinton Aygue Congregational Church, vice presidents, the Rev. Drs. R. S. Storra, and J. G. Robegts, the Rev. T. B. McLeod. Protessor A. C. Perkins, and Cornelius D. Wood; Scoretary, Charles A. Hull; Treasurer, Richard S. Barnes; Elecutive Committee, the Rev. Drs. A. J. F. Behrends and R. R. Meredith, Asa A. Spear, and the other officers. All of the churches of the denomination are to be invited to join the club. An annual meeting will be held in May of each year.

THE BOSTON IDEALS CORDIALLY RECEIVED. Bosron, Feb. 27 (Special).—The Boston Ideal Opera Company began a two weeks' engagement to-night company began a two weeks engagement to many at the Boston Theatre. The house was crowded, and hundreds stood throughout the performances. "The Isaughter of the Regiments" was given with dash and aroused a great deal of onthusiasm. Mile, de Luman was given a cordial reception and was leaded with floral irributes. "Victor" will be given to-morrow night.